1 Ticket of L. 100 2 Ditto 3 Ditto 6 Ditto 16 Ditto 20 Ditto 40 Ditto

795 Ditto 883 Prizes. 2617 Blanks. Sum raised 400

3500 Tickets at 101. L. 1750 HE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize.

The Drawing to begin the First Day of next, at the Court-House in Winchester. List of Prizes to be published in the Virginia Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid on as the Drawing is finished, without any

he Managers are, George Mercer, James Craik, ander Wodrow, John Greenfield, Robert Ruther. Charles Smith, William Ramfay, Thomas Rs. ord, John Hite, James Keith, James Wood, as Lemen, Jacob Hite, and Charles Bradford are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the

ful Discharge of this Trust. ckets may be had from any of the Manager, Mcsseurs Carlyle and Dalton in Alexandra, William Scott in Fredericksburg, or the Printifice in Williamsburg; from Messeurs Symmon per-Marlborough, Mr. John Cary in Frederick. , in Maryland, or at the Printing-Office in

HE Ship Polly, Burther about 250 Hogsheads, now in Choptank, Will take in TOBACCO for LONDON, of Liberty, at Ten Pounds Ster. ling fer Ton, and fail about the Middle of January. For Freight apply to Mr. Archibal r in Baltimore, or the Subscriber in Talba.

WILLIAM HUNTER. SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER Friday the Second of January next, at the let relling-House of Mr. Richard Moore, new

NDON-TOWN, PARCEL of likely COUNTRY-BORN NEGROES, Houshold Furniture, and tion Utenfils; also Cattle, Horses, Sheen, Indian Corn and Tobacco; for Current y or Bills of Exchange. A short Credit will en, upon paying Interest, and giving Secr-required. The Sale to begin precisely # o'Clock

L Persons indebted to the Estate of the said Richard Moore, are hereby defired to mike Payment; and fuch as have any Demands the faid Estate, to bring in their Accoust roved, that the same may be adjusted and ged, by

JAMES DICK, THOMAS MOORE, CHARLES MOORE, Executors.

WILLIAM FARIS, CH and CLOCK-MAKER, at the Signal CROWN and DIAL, near the Church in As-

AKES or Repairs Clocks and Watches, " usual, in the best and cheapest Manner. alfo, having procured an excellent Workr that Purpose, carries on the SILVEL-H's BUSINESS, Large, Small, or Chair in the neatest, best and cheapest Manne, JEWELLING of any Kind. Small, o Gentlemen or Ladies who shall be pleases

loy him, may depend on good Diffact,

Their bumble Servant,

WILLIAM FARIS He gives the best Price for old Gall

er.

A. LIST of the PRIZES WILLEXANDRIA LOTTERY, 2 in our next.

AM RIND.

[Numb. 817.]

## MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 1, 1761.

ANNAPOLIS, January 1.

ATURDAY last arrived here from Philadelphia, the Snow Bedford, Capt. George Kidd, who came into the Capes on the preceding Monday, with Capt. Gatfkill, n a Ship in Six Weeks from London, for Rappaannock; from whom he received The Gentleman', Magazine for October last, which we have been avoured with, and from which we have taken he following very melancholy News:

WHITEHALL, Saturday, October 25.

BETWEEN the Hours of VII and VIII this Morning, our late most Gracious Sovereign King GEORGE the Second was suddenly seized t his Palace at Kenfington, by a violent Disorder, and fell down speechless, and soon expired, not-withstanding all possible Methods used for his Re covery. His Majesty departed this Life in the 17th Year of his Age, and the 34th of his Reign; peloved, honoured, and regretted, by his Subjects, or his eminent and princely Virtues.

Whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council afembling at Carleton-House, gave Orders for Pro-claiming his present Majesty, who caused all the cords and Others of the late King's Privy Council to be sworn of his Majesty's Privy Council, and was pleased to make the following most gracious

" The Loss that I and the Nation have sustained by the Death of the King my Grandfather would have been severely felt at any Time, but coming at fo critical a Juncture, and fo unexpected, it is by many Circumstances augmented, and the Weight now falling upon me much increased; I feel my own Insufficiency to support it as I wish; but animated by the tenderest Affection for my native Country, and depending on the Advice, Experience, and Abilities of your Lordships, on the Support and Affistance of every honest Man, I enter with Chearfulness into this arduous Situation, and shall make it the Business of my Life to promote, in every Thing, the Glory and Happiness of these Kingdoms, to preserve and strengthen both the Constitution n Church and State; and, as I mount the Throne in the midst of an expensive, but just and necessary War, I shall endeavour to prosecute it in the Manner the most likely to bring on an honourable and lasting Peace, in Concert with my Allies."

WHEREUPON the Lords of the Council made it their humble Request to his Majesty, that this his Majesty's most gracious Declaration to their Lordships might be made public, which his Majesty was pleased to order accordingly.

F. VERNON.

At the Court at Carleton-House:

Present the King's most Excellent Majesty,

Duke of Cumberland, bp. of Canterbury, Duke of Leeds, Duke of Newcastle, East of Holderne Je, Earl of Chalmi Earl Waldegrave, Earl Gower,

His Royal Highness the | Viscount Falmouth, Viscount Barrington, Viscount Ligonier, Lord Anson, Lord Mansfield, Mr. Vice Chamberlain, Mr. Secretary Pitt, Henry Fox, Efq; Sir Thomas Robinson.

His Majesty at his first coming into the Council was this Day pleased to declare, that understanding that the Law requires he should at his Accesfion to the Crown, take and subscribe the Oath relating to the Security of the Church of Scotland, he was now ready to do it this first Opportunity; which his Majesty was graciously pleased to do, according to the Forms used by the Law of Scotlard, and subscribed two Instruments thereof in

the Presence of the Lords of the Council, who witnessed the same: And his Majesty was pleased to order, that one of the said Instruments be transmitted to the Court of Session, to be recorded in the Books of Sederunt, and afterwards to be forthwith lodged in the public Register of Scotland. And that the other of them remain among the Records of the Council, and be entered in the Council Book.

His late Majesty rose in the Morning at his usual Hour, without any apparent Signs of Indisposition. He called his Page, drank his Chocolate, and enquired about the Wind, as if anxious of the Arrival of the Mails. He opened his Window, and looking out of it, and feeing it a fine Day, faid he would walk in the Gardens. This passed while the Page attended him at Breakfast; but on leaving the Room he heard a deep Sigh, immediately followed by a Noise like the falling of a Billet of Wood from the Fire, and returning hastily, found the King dropt from his Seat, as if in attempting to ring the Bell, who faid faintly, Call Amelia, and then expired. He was inflantly railed, and laid upon the Bed, the Princess was called, who was told he was Dead upon her entering the Room, but being a little deaf, and her Spirits being hurried by the Alarm, she did not understand what was said; and ran up to the Bed side, and stooping tenderly over her Father, as thinking he might speak to her in a low Voice, she then first discovered he was Dead; this Shock so sudden, so unexpected, and so violent, threw her into an Agony, and produced a Disorder from which she is not yet recovered.

His Majesty, in the Pall, received a small Hurt on his Temple, and his Physicians and Surgeons being fent for, came instantly to his Assistance, but without Esset. An Attempt was made to bleed him, but the Issues of Life were dried up. The News of this Event, which threw the Court into the utmost Consternation, was carried to the Secretaries of State. Mr. Pitt, whose Coach was ready at the Door to drive to his Country Seat, was then ordered instantly to Kew, where he acquainted his Majesty with the great Event in Form, the King having first heard it on the Road, as he was riding out, by a Messenger who had been dispatched by one of the Pages of the Presence, he turned back, and at Kew he received a Letter from the Princess Amelia, soon after which Mr.

His Highness prepared immediately to attend the Privy Council, that upon the King's Demise, had got together as fast as possible. What followed, the Articles in the Gazette declare.—His late Majesty derived his Title to these Kingdoms from Eliwho married Frederick V. Count Palatine of the Rhine, elected King of Bobenia, but never put in Possession of the Throne. By this Prince, Elizabeth had a Daughter, who was afterwards married to Ernest Augustus, Elector of Brunswick, and Duke of Hanover, the Great Grandfather to the late King. Upon the Abdication of King James II. his two Daughters Mary & Anne, successively filled the British Throne; but, both dying without Issue, the Crown devolved on Grandfunt of Fire duty. Crown devolved on George I. Grandson to Elizabeth, Daughter of James I. This Prince, when of Age, married his first Cousin, Daughter and Heiress of the Duke of Zell, by which that Dukedom became united to the Dominions of Hanover. This Lady, whose Name was Sophia Dorothea, is said by a German Writer to have been betrothed to Augustus Frederick, Prince of Wolfenbuttle, two Years before the was prevailed upon, by Motives of Family Interest, to marry the young Prince of Brun/wick.
This may in some fort account for that little Affection that afterwards subsisted between those great Personages. By this Marriage, however, he had two Children, the late King, and a Princess, married to the late King of Prussia, Mother to the present illustrious Monarch. Our late King was

born 1683, and when in his Fifteenth Year, was presented by his Grandfather, the Prince of Zell, to King William, who received him with the Fondness of a Parent. On the 4th of April 1706, he was elected Knight Companion of the most Noble Order of the Garter; on the second of June following was invested with the whole Habit and Enfigns of the Order; and, on the 22d of December 1710, was installed at Windlor, with the Dukes of Dewonshire and Argyle, Lord Halifax being his Proxy. In November 1706, he was created Duke, Marquis, Earl, and Viscount, by the Titles of Duke, and Marquis of Cambridge, Earl of Milford-baven, Viscount North Allerton, and Baron of Tewkfbury.-It was observed by some Friends of his Highness, at that Time, that it was a Desect to give him the Peerage of England, and not the Precedency of all other Peers.

In 1708, he went a Volunteer to make a Campaign in the Netherlands, under John, Duke of Marlborough. On the 22d of June he arrived at the Camp, and on the 11th of July, the Battle of Oudenard was fought, in which his Electoral Highness putting himself at the Head of a Squadron of Hanoverian Dragoons, commanded by Lieut. Gen. Bulow, charged the Enemy Sword in Hand, with the greatest Intrepidity. His Horse was killed under him, and Col. Lujechky, who commanded the Squadron, was flain, bravely fighting by his Side. On the Accession of George I. to the Throne in 1714, Orders were brought from Hanover to the Regency, to prepare a Patent for creating the Electoral Prince, George Augustus, Prince of Wales.

George I. dying at Olnabrug, June 11, on the 14th the melancholy News arrived in England, whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council assembling at Leicester-House, gave Orders for proclaiming his Son George, Prince of Wales, King of England, which was done about 10 o'Clock in the Morning of the next Day. On Wednesday, the 11th of October, 1727 (O. S.) his Majesty was Crowned in Westminster-Abbey, with his Royal Consort the Princess Carolina Wilkelmina Dorothea, Danahar of Tala Farancia Magazana of Research Daughter of John Frederick, Margrave of Brandenbourg Anspach, to whom he was Married on the 22d Day of June 1705

Upon opening his Majesty, the right Ventricle of the Heart was found burft, and the Pericardium filled with a great Quantity of extravasated and coagulated Blood. The left Ventricle was found empty, and the Coats of all the Vessels were worn away extremely thin, and every Symptom appeared that indicated a universal Decay of all the vital Parts. His Majesty had been frequently out of Order of late, and his Pulse so extremely low, that the Physicians could scarce perceive any Motion in it at all. The Key of his Bureau was found in his Hand.

SUNDAY 26. THIS Day, about Noon, his Majesty [King GEORGE III.] was Proclaimed, first before Saville House, where the Officers of State, Nobility, and Privy Counsellors, were present, with the Officers of Arms, all being on Foot; then the Officers of Arms, being mounted on Horseback, the like was done at Charing Cross; within Temple-Bar; at the End of Wood-Street, in Cheapside; and, lastly, at the Royal Exchange, with the usual Solemnities. The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Duke of Leeds, and Lord Falmouth, attended the Procession into the City.

The Form of the Proclamation is as follows:

WHEREAS it has pleased Almighty God, VV to call to his Mercy our late Sovereign Lord King GEORGE the Second, of blefled Memory, by whose Decease the Imperial Crowns of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, are folely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince GEORGE, Prince of Wales; we therefore the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, be-